

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

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SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
07/047+614	05/08/87	ROCKLAGE	S	145.0002

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EXAMINER					
PAPER NUMBER					
10					

09/11/89

This is a communication from the examiner in charge of your application.

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

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•		JUNE	28, 1989
This a	application has been examined	Responsive to communication filed on	
		this action is set to expire 3 month(s), onse will cause the application to become abandoned	
Part I 1 3 5	THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMEN Notice of References Cited by Ex Notice of Art Cited by Applicant, Information on How to Effect Draw	PTO-1449 4. Notice of	Patent Drawing, PTO-948. informal Patent Application, Form PTO-152
Part II	SUMMARY OF ACTION	·	
1.	Claims	-8 and 10-19	are pending in the application.
	Of the above, claims		are withdrawn from consideration.
2.	Claims		have been cancelled.
3.	Claims		are allowed.
4. 🔯	Claims	8 977 10-19	are rejected.
5.	Claims		are objected to.
6.	Claims		are subject to restriction or election requirement.
7.	This application has been filed w matter is indicated.	ith informal drawings which are acceptable for exami	nation purposes until such time as allowable subject
8.	Allowable subject matter having l	een indicated, formal drawings are required in respo	nse to this Office action.
9.	The corrected or substitute drawing not acceptable (see explanat	ngs have been received on	. These drawings are acceptable;
10.		ion and/or the proposed additional or substitute the examiner disapproved by the examiner (see	
11.	the Patent and Trademark Office	no longer makes drawing changes. It is now applica effected in accordance with the instructions set fort	oved disapproved (see explanation). However, nt's responsibility to ensure that the drawings are h on the attached letter "INFORMATION ON HOW TO
12.	Acknowledgment is made of the c	laim for priority under 35 U.S.C. 119. The certified	copy has been received not been received
		ion, serial no; filed o	
13.		be in condition for allowance except for formal matter er Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.	ers, prosecution as to the merits is closed in
14.	Other		

Serial No. 07/047614 Art Unit 121

The new set of drawings filed June 28 1989, have been found acceptable.

The cancellation of claims 9 and 20-54 coupled with the amendatory changes to claims 1-8, 10 and 11 has resulted in deleting all non-elected subject matter from the original set of claims.

Claims 1-8 and 10-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 and 112 (first and second paragraphs). Specifically, the depicted formula I in claim I (twice amended) does not correspond to formulas (II), (III), and (IV) set forth in pages 9 and 10 of the specification. Applicants' claims in (twice amended) form include metal chelates and salts thereof. To take it a step further, the metal chelates are disclosed as being part of the anions; quite obviously, the claims must be depicted in ionic form, showing anions, cations, coordinate-covalent bonding, ionic bonding and which atoms are attached to said metal chelates and what kind of salts are involved. The instant claims do not provide those answers and the depicted formula (II), (III) or (IV) do not specifically provide those answers they are somewhat speculative since they show (That depiction does not represent absolute configuration; more guesswork than absolute bonding. Since the metal chelate ligands have valences of (+2)or $(^{+3})$, the cation must therefore show dimers, trimers. protonation sites etc., which do not find clear antecedent basis in the instant specification.

Art Unit 121

Also, with respect the term R_4 there is a semicolon after the terms alkyl having 1 to 6 carbon atoms; and no $$^{\rm O}_{\rm "}$$ connecting term such as "or" for the term -CH2-O-P-(OH2)

respectively.

RESPONSE TO ATTORNEY'S KEY ARGUMENT

Applicants' attorney argues in pages 4 and 5 of
Paper No 6 that the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 101 and
112 is improper because the positive structures on pages
9 and 10 are not speculation, represent the correct
structures as determined by laboratory structure
analysis of the subject of this invention. Further,
Applicants' attorney also argues that it appears that
actual reduction to practice is a requirement under 35
USC 101 and 112 and the statutes and their
interpretations favor an early disclosure and accept a
constructive reduction to practice, established law
which appears to be inconsistent with the position of
the Examiner. There are 3 different arguments and each
one will be addressed separately.

REBUTTAL-A

1) Applicants must be aware of what they are claiming; the <u>metes</u> and <u>bounds</u> of an ultimate patent grant must reflect applicants intent. See <u>In re Prater et al.</u>, 162 USPQ 541 (CCPA 1969); <u>In re Wakefield et al.</u>, 164 U.S.P.Q. 636 (CCPA 1970); <u>In re Borkowski et al</u> 164 U.S.P.Q. 641, 642 (CCPA 1970).

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2) If applicants show formula I, and argue that antecedent basis residues in formulas (II), (III), and (IV), which appear in pages 9 and 10 of the specification, there is confusion on the part of applicants based on their own inconsistancy.

3) The burden of explaining 112 rejections resides with the undersigned Examiner. This has been done, in dealing with chelates, coordinate-covalent bonds and ionic bonds are inherently present by any chemical standard, if questioned, the burden shifts to applicants to respond accurately, which has not been done. See In re Armbruster, 185 USPQ 152 (CCPA 1975); In re Angstadt and Griffin, 190 USPQ 214 (CCPA 1976). The issue of salts thereof has not been adequately addressed by applicants.

REBUTTAL-B

If structure is based on recognized laboratory procedures e.g. NMR, then the structures in the specification should be definite.

REBUTTAL-C

- (1) Such terminology as "constructive reduction to practice" is language reserved for <u>interference</u> practice.
- (2) There is no Court decision that stands for the premise that early disclosure is favored over "a

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specification must be complete as filed. Nor, has applicants cited any decision that states, early filing is proper, even though a specification is <u>not</u> complete as filed.

(3) Applicants have <u>not</u> shown where the Examiner has erred in his judgement. Merely stating a conclusion without facts or evidence does not suffice.

This action is made FINAL.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). The practice of automatically extending the shortened statutory period an additional month upon the filing of a timely first response to a final rejection has been discontinued by the Office. See 1021 TMOG 35.

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE (3) MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO (2) MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE (3) MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX (6) MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Alan L. Rotman at telephone number 703 557-3920

Rotman:st

9/8/89

Alan L. Rotman Examiner Art Unit 121

Alan L. Rotman